

SEKEYRITY PICI Access Management

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MEET THE TEAM





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PROBLEM DEFINITION

- IDENTIFIED PROBLEM: Accessing NEEC (Núcleo de Estudantes de Engenharia Eletrotécnica e de Computadores) rooms in the North Tower requires manual key management.
- **CURRENT PROCESS:** Users request keys from the security guard at the tower's reception. The guard manually checks a list and records key transactions, leading to inefficiencies and discrepancies.
- **INCONVENIENCE:** Variability exists among guards regarding key return policies, causing confusion and inconvenience for users. Forgotten key returns result in issues for both users and security staff.

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WIDESPREAD ISSUE: Similar challenges exist in accessing other rooms, affecting 0 (A) - (A)students, teachers, and staff.

AUTOMATION OPPORTUNITY: Automating key and access management processes would standardize and streamline operations.



Implementing an automated key and access management system would provide tangible benefits to multiple beneficiaries.

STUDENTS, TEACHERS, AND STAFF would experience streamlined access processes, reducing administrative burdens and improving efficiency.

SECURITY PERSONNEL would benefit from enhanced monitoring capabilities, gaining better control over access permissions, optimizing institutional ooperations.

The automation would lead to a more secure, efficient, and technologically advanced solution for all.

TECHNOLOGICAL SOLUTION

Card Reader

DataBase

K E Y B O X **SeKEYrity** - a card reader system that operates by accessing a centralized database that contains information about access privileges for each user.

- 1) When a **user interacts with the card reader**, they swipe their card, which is associated with their profile in the database.
- 2) After scanning the card using **RFID technology**, the card reader **communicates with the database in real-time** to verify the user's identity and access permissions.
- 3) If the database indicates that the **user is granted access** to the selected room or area, the card reader immediately authorizes entry and activates the release mechanism for the corresponding key.
- 4) Conversely, if the database indicates that the **user does not have the necessary access privileges**, the card reader denies entry and prevents the key from being released.

In summary, the card reader system relies on a secure and up-todate database to determine whether a user is granted access or not, ensuring that only authorized individuals can enter designated areas.

COMPETITORS AND PREVIOUS WORK

$\circ~$ Smart Lock

In the domain of access control and management solutions, one prevalent alternative in the market are smart locks, offered by established entities such as **iLockey**, **Allegion Plc**, and **Onity**, **Inc**.

An intriguing metric to evaluate our solution's competitiveness against these alternatives is its **costeffectiveness** in relation to the required number of doors or keys.





SOLUTION REQUIREMENTS

The solution requirements for SeKEYrity encompass several crucial aspects to tackle the identified challenges in key and access management.



- **Functionality-wise**: accurate real-time user identity verification and access 0 privilege confirmation
- Seamless integration with key dispensation infrastructure
- **Optimal performance** with minimal downtime and fast response times
- Intuitive interface for both users and administrators
 - **Robust security** measures to prevent unauthorized access
 - **Compatibility** with existing systems, particularly physical keys
 - **Scalability** to accommodate future expansions



TECHNICAL CHALLENGES

The SeKEYrity project encounters several technical challenges that demand innovative solutions.

• ESTABLISH A ROBUST AND ACCESSIBLE DATABASE:

- o Efficient handling of real-time data updates
- Ensuring data integrity and accurate access validation
- o Accessibility for quick information retrieval
- Adaptability to accommodate changes in access permissions

• COMPACTING THE ENTIRE SYSTEM:

- o Optimizing hardware and software components
- Reducing physical space requirements
- Maintaining or improving functionality and performance
- o Streamlining code to minimize resource usage

• DESIGNING A COMPACT AND PRACTICAL KEY HOLDER:

- o Creating a small yet durable key holder
- Effective dispensation of keys to authorized users
- Accurate identification and storage of keys upon return



TESTING AND VALIDATION METRICS

Testing and validation metrics serve as essential benchmarks to evaluate the performance and quality of the SeKEYrity system throughout its testing and validation phases.

• USER INPUT ACCURACY

• Accurate interpretation of desired key numbers entered on the keyboard

• CARD READER FUNCTIONALITY:

- Effective reading of user cards
- Matching cards with registered profiles
- Prompting registration for unregistered users
- Verifying access privileges for registered users

REAL-TIME COMMUNICATION:

• Swift access and updating of information in the database

• CLEAR ON-SCREEN FEEDBACK:

• Providing clear feedback on access status

• DISPENSING MECHANISM RELIABILITY:

• Reliable delivery of keys to authorized users



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ORIGINAL SCHEDULE

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|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 |
| Develop Proje Proposal | ect | | | 1 | | |
| Design and lau | unch website | | | | | |
| | | | App Design and | d developing | | |
| | List of | | | | | |
| | malena | | Program/Config | gure Raspberry p | pi | |
| | | | Hardwar | re and software | integrations | |
| | | Establish Database | | | | |
| | | Access v | erification | | | |
| | | De | esign of Key Lock | ker and Servo m | otor | |
| | | | | | Test and | troubleshoot |









MID-PROGRAM STATUS

Since the project's inception, we have:

- **Transitioned our focus** from warehouse stock management to addressing manual key and access management issues at Técnico's North Tower. This shift was prompted by a thorough evaluation of our initial concept and feedback from our advisor, revealing the impracticality of our original idea due to RFID limitations and time constraints. As a result, we redirected our efforts towards implementing an automated key and access management system called SeKEYrity.
- Established the system's operation and structure: users input a key number on a keyboard, scan their card, and the reader verifies access privileges in the database. If granted, the key is provided; otherwise, a message is displayed.
- Made significant progress by crafting initial versions of crucial components vital to our system's functionality. These include the development of preliminary versions of the database, keyboard
 interface, and key storage box.



MID-PROGRAM STATUS

SYSTEM'S OPERATION AND STRUCTURE



ACHIEVED RESULTS (1/3)



APP DESIGN

Developed initial iterations of the application, particularly tailored for key reservation purposes.

ANTÓNIO RIBEIRO





WEB SITE DEVELOPMENT

Designed and launched a public website to centralize project information, encompassing our project proposal and weekly blog updates

BRUNA FERREIRA & MIGUEL AMEIXA

DATA BASE

Established preliminary versions of the database where users are registered and their permissions are recorded.

MIGUEL ANDRADE

ACHIEVED RESULTS (2/3)

Jsers > Bruna > verification.py def verify_access(user_name, key_id):



Check if the key ID exists for the user if key_id not in user_data: print(f"Key ID '{key_id}' not found for user '{user_name}' return False

Retrieve the access value for the key ID
access_value = user_data[key_id]

Return True if the user has access, False otherwise
return access_value

ACESS VERIFICATION

Implemented database functionalities to verify user access privileges for the specified key.

BRUNA FERREIRA





KEYBOARD

Developed initial prototypes of the keyboard and showcased its functionality in accurately receiving user input for key numbers.

AFONSO COELHO

ACHIEVED RESULTS (3/3)



RASPBERRYPI

Boot, configuration and packages installation of raspberry pi

AFONSO COELHO



HARDWARE TEST

Hardware testing with the Raspberry Pi and initiation of final code development.

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DISPENSER BOX

Building of a wooden box to house all electronic components and for the key dispenser.

ANTÓNIO RIBEIRO

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CHALLENGES FACED BY THE TEAM



RASPBERRY PI PROGRAMMING: Challenges arose due to the team's lack of experience and compatibility issues with hardware, leading them to ultimately opt for utilizing a previously used Raspberry Pi model as a workaround.



KEY STORAGE SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION: Designing a reliable key identification and storage system demanded thorough planning and testing to ensure its effectiveness.



• **MATERIAL CONSTRAINTS**: Inadequate materials and delayed specifications led to delayed requisition and unsuitable hardware, impeding project execution.



 TIME MANAGEMENT: Underestimating the complexity of certain tasks, compounded by conflicts in group members' schedules, posed challenges in allocating adequate time to this project, resulting in delays in its progress.





DEVIATIONS FROM ORIGINAL SCHEDULE



Delayed Project Specification: The project's delayed specification and unclear objectives led to ambiguity, hindering the prompt definition of tasks and resource allocation.



Unpreparedness for Technical Challenges: The team encountered unforeseen technical challenges, including p ackage incompatibility within Raspberry Pi and inadequate materials.



Personal Commitments and Workload: Team members' personal commitments and workload from other academic obligations strained project timelines, resulting in inconsistent progress and delayed completion.

DIVISON OF LABOR AND CONTRIBUTION OF EACH TEAM MEMBER (1/2)

| BRUNA FERREIRA | MIGUEL ANDRADE | AFONSO COELHO | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Website and Communication | Data Base and User Interface | Hardware | |
| Project Proposal | Project Proposal | Project Proposal | |
| Website Design and Maintenance | Research Data Base options | Configuration of Raspberry Pi | |
| Weekly Blog Updates | Development of Data Base | Development of keyboard | |
| Data Base - User Access Verification | Interface between Hardware and Software | Establish hardware components connection | |
| Mid-program Pitch Deck | | | |
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DIVISON OF LABOR AND CONTRIBUTION OF EACH TEAM MEMBER (2/2)

| | ANTÓNIO RIBEIRO | MIGUEL AMEIXA | JOÃO BARROS | |
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| | App and Design | Servo Motor Modelation | 3D Modelation | |
| | Project Proposal | Website Creation | Key Locker Design | |
| | App development | Website Maintenance | Key Locker 3D Modelation | |
| | Logo Design | Servo motor movement Modelation | Key Locker Prototype Structure | |
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